

II. CLAIM AMENDMENTS

1. (Currently Amended) A communications system comprising:

a central node;

at least one remote node adapted to receive information transmitted from the central node over a broadcast link; and

a communications link comprising a time division multiple access link using bi-BPSK modulation, with one channel operating at a lower data rate to achieve a high signal-to-noise ratio, and another channel providing bandwidth-on-demand for transferring only user data, the communications link adapted to convey information from the remote node to the central node, the central node being adapted to dynamically tailor a remote node transmit power control and a bandwidth as requested by the remote node for conveying information over the communications link.

2. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 wherein the broadcast link ~~comprises a communications channel adapted to transfer transfers~~ link maintenance information over the one channel from the central node to each of the remote nodes.

3. (Original) The system of claim 2 wherein the link maintenance information is data used to maintain and manage the broadcast link and the communications link.

4. (Original) The system of claim 1 wherein the broadcast link is a continuous transmission of link maintenance information from the central node to the remote node.

5. (Original) The system of claim 1 wherein the communications link comprises a time division multiple access link using a multi-phase shift key waveform.

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 61 wherein ~~the remaining channel includes only a second channel, the firstone~~ channel and the ~~secondother~~ channel being in an orthogonal relationship.

8. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 61 wherein ~~the firstone~~ channel is adapted to provide slot timing, communications link synchronization and slot management functions, the slot management functions being independent of the other channel.

9. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 61 wherein ~~the firstone~~ channel is adapted to provide all management functions for the communications link and the ~~secondother~~ channel is adapted to meet remote node bandwidth needs on demand.

10. (Cancelled)

11. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 101 wherein the first to other channel is adapted to adjust the wideband channel performance for transfer of user data on a slot by slot basis.

12. (Currently Amended) A communications system comprising:

a central node adapted to transmit information over a broadcast link to at least one remote node; and

a time division multiple access link using a multi-phase shift key waveform bi-BPSK modulation to convey information from the remote node to the central node, the link including a first channel operating at a lower data rate to achieve a high signal-to-noise ratio to provide all link maintenance and management functions for the broadcast link and time division multiple access link, and a second channel adapted to operate at high data rates to transfer only user data and to meet bandwidth needs on demand of individual remote nodes.

13. (Original) The system of claim 12 wherein the first channel is an embedded high signal-to-noise ratio tracking channel.

14. (Original) The system of claim 12 wherein the second channel is adapted to provide a dedicated conduit for transmitting user data from the remote node to the central node.

15. (Original) The system of claim 12 wherein the second channel is a wideband channel adapted to be rate adjusted for an

individual remote node to accommodate a required data bandwidth for the remote node.

16. (Original) The system of claim 15 wherein the time division multiple access link can adjust a performance of the wideband channel on a slot by slot basis.

17. (Original) A method of dynamically altering transmit power control and bandwidth transmission requirements of a remote node in a communications network including a plurality of remote nodes, the method comprising the steps of:

acquiring link management information transmitted from a central node to the remote node over a broadcast link;

requesting a new remote node transmit power control and a new transmit data bandwidth from the central node by sending a request from the remote node to the central node over a time division multiple access communications link using a multi-phase shift key waveform, wherein a high signal-to-noise ratio channel in the link is used to provide the remote node transmit power control and a wideband channel in each slot of the link is adapted to be rate adjusted to meet the transmit data bandwidth needs of the remote node on demand; and

implementing the change one remote node slot time subsequent to the request.

18. (Cancelled)

19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1817 wherein the step of implementing the change further comprises the step of dynamically configuring the wideband channel to accommodate the new transmit data bandwidth on a slot by slot basis.

20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1817 further comprising the step of dynamically assigning one or more slots to a new remote node entering the network.

21. (New) The system of claim 1 further comprising the high signal to noise ratio channel used to maintain TDMA slots timing, link synchronization and slot management, the slot management being independent of a data transport channel, a separate user channel as a dedicated conduit for transport of user data that can be dynamically adapted to provide different power, rate control at each slot to provide optimal performance based on user needs and a link environment.

22. (New) The method of claim 17 further comprising including only two separate channels in each slot, one channel being the high signal to noise ratio channel and the other being the wideband channel.

23. (New) The method of claim 22 further comprising maintaining TDMA slot timing, link synchronization and slot management on the high signal-to-noise ratio channel and transporting data only on the wideband channel.